# Al-Al Bayt University Princess Salma Faculty of Nursing Adult Health nursing

Course Title :Pathophysiology Course Number :1001202 Credit Hours :3 Pre requisite :1001210 Placement : Instructor: m\_khalaileh , Course Description : null General objectives : Course Objectives:

• Discuss the pathophysiologic changes that occur as a result of altered health states in selected basic concepts commonly encountered in nursing practice.

• Define the components of the disease process: etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, treatment, and prevention.

• Describe the general pathologic mechanisms producing signs and symptoms of specific disease processes commonly encountered in nursing practice

• Identify how each organ system participates in the total regulatory and homeostatic mechanisms of the body.

• Discuss the risk factors that affect the person in different body functions.

• Discuss the different treatment modalities for selected pathological conditions.

### **Course outline :**

# **Cellular adaptation**

Cellular Adaptation, Injury, and Death and wound healing.

- Cellular adaptation.
- Cell Injury and Death
- Mechanism of cell injury
- Tissue Repair and wound healing

# Hematology

Hematopoietic Function

- Composition of blood and formation of blood cells.
- Alteration in hemostasis
- Mechanism of hemostasis
- Hypercoagulability states
- Bleeding disorders
- The Red Blood Cell
- Production
- Destruction
- Call metabolism and hemoglobin oxidation.
- White Blood Cell
- Bone marrow and Heatopoiesis.
- Lymphoid Tissues.

### Immune system

Infection, Immunity and inflammation.

- Infections disease

- Mechanism of infection.

The inflammation responses

- Immune system
- Immunadeficiency Diseases
- Allergic and hypersensitivity Disorders
- Transplantation Immunopathology
- Autoimmune diseases
- Acquired Immunodefiency syndrome
- Pathophysiology
- HIV infection

Cardiovascular system

Cardiovascular Function

Organization of the systemic circulatory system Neural control of circulatory function

- Baroreceptors
- Chemoreceptors
- Autonomic regulation of cardiac function
- Autonomic regulation of vascular function
- Autonomic neurotransmitters
- Autonomic response tocirculatory stress

Alteration in Blood Flow in the Systemic Circulation Disorders of the arterial circulation

- Hyperlipidemia
- Atherosclerosis
- Aneurysms

• Alteration in Blood pressure

• Hypertension

• Essential hypertension

- Secondary hypertension
- Malignant hypertension

Alteration in cardiac function

Coronary heart disease

- Coronary circulation and pathogenesis of coronary heart disease
- Chronic Ischemic heart diseases
- Acute coronary syndromes
- Disorders of cardiac conductive system and rhythm
- Cardiac conductive system
- Action potential
- Electrocardiography
- Types of dysrhythmias

Heart Failure and Circulatory shock Heart failure Physiology of HF Congestive HF Acute pulmonary edema

Carcinogenic shock

#### **Respiratory systm**

Alteration in Respiratory Function

**Respiratory Infections** 

- influenza
- pneumonia
- tuberculosis
- fungal infections

Obstructive Airway Disorders

- Bronchial asthma
- Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases Pulmonary Vascular Disorders
- Pulmonary embolism
- Pulmonary hypertension
- Acute respiratory distress syndrome Respiratory failure

### **Renal system**

- **Renal Function**
- The nephron
- Urine formation
- Regulation of renal blood flow

Alteration in renal function

Urinary tract infections

Disorders of glomerular function

- Nephrotic syndrome
- Chronic glomerulonephritis Tublointerstitial Disorders
- renal tubular acidosis
- pyelonephritis

**Renal Failure** 

- Acute renal failure
- Chronic renal failure

### GIT

Gastrointestinal Function

- Secretary Function
- Attrition in gastrointestinal function
- Manifestation of GI disorders
- Disorders of the stomach
- Hepatic and Biliary Disorders

### Endocrine

**Endocrine Function** 

- Endocrine system
- Hormones
- Control of Hormones levels

Alteration in endocrine function

**Diabetes Millitus Classification and Etiology** Manifestations Acute and chronic complication Neural Neural Function Nerve cell communication Organization and control of somatosensory function. - Pain - Pain theories - Mechanisms and pathways - Threshold and Tolerance Disorders of function Mechanism and manifestations of brain injury Cerebrovascular Disease - Stroke (Brain attack) - Aneurismal subarachnoid Hemorrhage MSS Musculoskeletal Function Injury and Trauma of Musculoskeletal Structure Bone infections Osteonecrosis Metabolic Bone diseases - Osteopenia - Osteoprasis - Osteomalacia - Paget's disease - Osteoarthritis syndrome **Evaluation methodology :** First Exam.....20

Second Exam......20

Assisngment.....10

# Final exam......50

# **References** :

\*Concept of altered health states6, lipincott,

### **Course Schedule :**

Topic

#### Hours

No Information Available...